SQL Schema

Mary is a teacher in a middle school and she has a table seat storing students' names and their corresponding seat ids.

The column **id** is continuous increment.

Mary wants to change seats for the adjacent students.

Can you write a SQL query to output the result for Mary?

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| id | student |

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| 1 | Abbot |

| 2 | Doris |

| 3 | Emerson |

| 4 | Green |

| 5 | Jeames |

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For the sample input, the output is:

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| id | student |

+---------+---------+

| 1 | Doris |

| 2 | Abbot |

| 3 | Green |

| 4 | Emerson |

| 5 | Jeames |

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**Note:**  
If the number of students is odd, there is no need to change the last one's seat.